## Incomplete block designs

■ Small block size, larger number of treatments
■ Non-orthogonal designs

## Test of 7 different Tyres

Cars

|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | X | X | X | X |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | X | X |  |  | X | x |  |
|  | 3 | x | X |  | x | x |  |  |
| Tyres | 4 |  |  | X | X |  | X | X |
|  | 5 |  |  | $x$ | x | $x$ |  | X |
|  | 6 |  | X | X |  |  | X | X |
|  | 7 | X |  |  |  | X | X | X |


| Blocks | Treatments |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| 3 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 4 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| 6 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 7 |
| 7 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

## Balanced incomplete block design

- $n$ treatments, block size $k,(k<n)$
$\square$ Any two treatments occur together the same number of times ( $\lambda$ times)

First Solution: $\binom{n}{k}$ blocks, a different combination of treatments in each block.
$n=7, k=4:\binom{7}{4}=\frac{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5}{3 \cdot 2}=35$ cars

Search for smaller designs

## Necessary conditions for a BIBD

$b$ blocks, each treatment occurs $r$ times
(1)
(2)

$$
\begin{aligned}
n r & =b k \\
r(k-1) & =\lambda(n-1)
\end{aligned}
$$

(1) number of observations
(2) number of treatment pairs for a fixed treatment

Design is called symmetric if $n=b$.

## Construction of BIBD

■ Problem: Given $k$ and $n$, how large are $r, b$, and $\lambda$ ?
$\square$ Conditions (1) and (2) are necessary but not sufficient.
$■$ Several methods of construction exist.

- There are tables of BIBD with small sizes (Cochran \& Cox 1992).
- Partially balanced block designs (PBIB) if some treatment comparisons are less important.


## Analysis of BIBD

■ Statistical model:

$$
Y_{i j}=\mu+T_{i}+\beta_{j}+\epsilon_{i j}
$$

where $T_{i}$ is the treatment effect, $\beta_{j}$ the block effect.
$\square$ Block and treatment factor are not orthogonal, because not all combinations appear.

- Calculate first block sum of squares, then adjusted treatment sum of squares.

