Package 'mmpca'

November 15, 2022

Title Integrative Analysis of Several Related Data Matrices

Version 2.0.3

Description A generalization of principal component analysis for integrative analysis. The method finds principal components that describe single matrices	
or that are common to several matrices. The solutions are sparse. Rank of	
solutions is automatically selected using cross validation. The method is	
described in Kallus et al. (2019) <arxiv:1911.04927>.</arxiv:1911.04927>	
Depends R (>= $3.3.0$)	
Imports digest (>= 0.6.0), Rcpp (>= 1.0.8)	
LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppEigen, RcppGSL	
SystemRequirements C++14	
Biarch true	
NeedsCompilation yes	
License GPL (>= 3)	
Encoding UTF-8	
RoxygenNote 7.2.2	
<pre>URL https://github.com/cyianor/mmpca</pre>	
BugReports https://github.com/cyianor/mmpca/issues	
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Multiview principal component analysis

Description

Analyzes several related matrices of data.

Usage

```
mmpca(
  Х,
  inds.
  k,
  lambda = NULL,
  trace = 0,
 max_iter = 20000,
  init_theta = NULL,
  cachepath = NULL,
  enable_rank_selection = TRUE,
  enable_sparsity = TRUE,
  enable_variable_selection = FALSE,
  parallel = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

A List of matrices to analyze	Х	List	of	matrices	to	analy	ze	,
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Matrix containing view indices. The matrix should have two columns and the inds

same number of rows as the length of x. The first (second) column contains the

view index of the rows (columns) of the corresponding matrix.

k Integer giving the maximum rank of the analysis, i.e. the maximum number of

principal components for each view.

lambda Vector or matrix of lambda values. The length (or width if it is a matrix) depends

> on the number of active penalties (2, 3 or 4). If it is a matrix, try different lambda values (one try for each row). Default: a matrix where each column is

the sequence $\exp(\text{seq}(-6, 0))$.

Integer selecting the amount of log messages. 0 (default): no output, 3: all trace

output.

max_iter Maximum number of iterations

init_theta NULL, functions or numeric. NULL (default) use initial values based on ordi-

nary SVD. If init_theta is a list of three functions (CMF, matrix_to_triplets and getCMFopts from package CMF) use the supplied functions to find initial values with collaborative matrix factorization (CMF). If init_theta is a numeric

vector it is used as initial value.

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cachepath

Character vector with path to directory to store intermediate results. If NULL (default) intermediate results are not stored. For eaching to work it is required that the random number generation seed is constant between calls to mmpca, so set.seed needs to be called before mmpca.

enable_rank_selection

Boolean deciding if the second penalty that imposes a low rank model should be enabled.

enable_sparsity

Boolean deciding if the third penalty that imposes sparsity in V should be enabled.

enable_variable_selection

Boolean deciding if the fourth penalty that increases the tendency for sparsity structure of different V columns to be similar. Defaults to FALSE meaning this penalty is not used.

parallel

Boolean deciding if computations should be run on multiple cores simultaneously.

Value

A list with components

initial initial values used in optimization

cmf solution found with CMF (if init_theta == c(CMF, matrix_to_triplets, getCM-

Fopts))

training solutions for different values of lambda solution solution for optimal lambda value

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Examples

```
# Create model with three views, two data matrices of low-rank 3
max_rank <- 3
v <- list(
    qr.Q(qr(matrix(rnorm(10 * max_rank), 10, max_rank))),
    qr.Q(qr(matrix(rnorm(11 * max_rank), 11, max_rank))),
    qr.Q(qr(matrix(rnorm(12 * max_rank), 12, max_rank)))
)
d <- matrix(
    c(1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1),
    nrow = max_rank, ncol = 3
)
x <- list(
    v[[1]] %*% diag(d[, 1] * d[, 2]) %*% t(v[[2]]),
    v[[1]] %*% diag(d[, 1] * d[, 3]) %*% t(v[[3]])
)
inds <- matrix(c(1, 1, 2, 3), 2, 2)</pre>
```

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```
result <- mmpca::mmpca(
   x, inds, max_rank, parallel = FALSE,
   lambda = c(1e-3, 1e-5), enable_sparsity = FALSE,
   trace = 3
)
# Investigate the solution
result$solution$D</pre>
```

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