Exercise Sheet 5

- 1. A supermarket chain purchases 2 tons of Galia melons from a fruit trading company. The guarantee they get from the trading company is that at most 4% of the melons are rotten. To check this, the quality control officers of the supermarket chain select 50 melons at random and use them to investigate.
 - a) Which distribution is suited to the description of the number of rotten melons? Which assumptions are implicitly made when this model is used?
 - b) Assume that of the 50 melons, 4 are found to be rotten. Has the trading company lied about the quality of their melons? Formulate suitable null and alternative hypotheses. Compute the rejection set for a significance level 5% and perform the test.
 - c) Compute the p-value for the test in part b).
 - d) Compute the probability of a Type II error when the null hypothesis p = 4% is being tested against the alternative p = 10%? What are the consequences of having a Type II error this size?
- 2. It is widely known that the city of Zurich is afflicted with many roadworks. Let X denote the duration of roadworks at a location; it is a random variable whose range is between 0 and 20 weeks. Assume that its density is as follows:



- a) Why is c = 0.1? Write down the density f(x) in an explicit form.
- **b)** Compute the probability that the duration X of work at a site is less than (i) 5 weeks; (ii) 10 weeks.
- c) Sketch the cumulative distribution function of X.
- d) Compute the mean, median and standard deviation of X.
- e) Let the cost of work be $K = 40'000 \cdot \sqrt{X}$ Swiss francs. What is the probability that the work at a site costs no more than CHF 120'000.-?

The distribution we have used so far is just a model. We could also model the duration of roadworks by an exponential distribution.

- f) Which value must we take for the parameter λ if the exponential distribution is to have the same mean as the distribution used so far?
- g) Repeat part e) with the exponential distribution using this value of λ .