## Package 'lutz'

October 17, 2023

Type Package

**Title** Look Up Time Zones of Point Coordinates

```
Version 0.3.2
Description Input latitude and longitude values or an 'sf/sfc' POINT
      object and get back the time zone in which they exist. Two methods are implemented.
      One is very fast and uses 'Rcpp' in conjunction with data from the 'Javascript' library
      (<https:
      //github.com/darkskyapp/tz-lookup-oss/>). This method also works outside of countries'
      borders and in international waters, however speed comes at the cost of accuracy - near time
      zone borders away from populated centres there is a chance that it will return the incorrect
      time zone. The other method is slower but more accurate - it uses the 'sf' package to intersect
      points with a detailed map of time zones from here:
      <a href="https://github.com/evansiroky/timezone-boundary-builder/">https://github.com/evansiroky/timezone-boundary-builder/</a>. The package also
      contains several utility functions for helping to understand and visualize
      time zones, such as listing of world time zones, including information about
      daylight savings times and their offsets from UTC. You can also plot a
      time zone to visualize the UTC offset over a year and when daylight savings
      times are in effect.
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URL https://andyteucher.ca/lutz/, https://github.com/ateucher/lutz
BugReports https://github.com/ateucher/lutz/issues
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```

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#### Repository CRAN

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 $tz\_list$ 

Create a list of Time Zones

#### **Description**

Output a list of time zone names, with daylight savings time and utc offset

#### Usage

tz\_list()

#### Value

A data.frame of all time zones on your system. Columns:

- tz\_name: the name of the time zone
- zone: time zone
- is\_dst: is the time zone in daylight savings time
- utc\_offset\_h: offset from UTC (in hours)

tz\_lookup

Lookup time zones of sf or sp points

## Description

There are two methods - "fast", and "accurate". The "fast" version can look up many thousands of points very quickly, however when a point is near a time zone boundary and not near a populated centre, it may return the incorrect time zone. If accuracy is more important than speed, use method = "accurate".

#### Usage

```
tz_lookup(x, crs = NULL, method = "fast", warn = TRUE)
```

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#### Arguments

x	either an sfc or sf points or SpatialPoints(DataFrame) object
crs	the coordinate reference system: integer with the EPSG code, or character with proj4string. If not specified (i.e., NULL) and x has no existing crs, EPSG: 4326 is assumed (lat/long).
method	method by which to do the lookup. Either "fast" (default) or "accurate".
warn	By default, if method = "fast" a warning is issued about the potential for inaccurate results. Set warn to FALSE to turn this off.

#### **Details**

Note that there are some regions in the world where a single point can land in two different overlapping time zones. The "accurate" method includes these, and when they are encountered they are concatenated in a single string, separated by a semicolon. The data used in the "fast" method does not include overlapping time zones at this time.

#### Value

character vector the same length as x specifying the time zone of the points.

#### **Examples**

```
if (require("sf")) {
    state_pts <- lapply(seq_along(state.center$x), function(i) {
        st_point(c(state.center$x[i], state.center$y[i]))
})

state_centers_sf <- st_sf(st_sfc(state_pts))

state_centers_sf$tz <- tz_lookup(state_centers_sf)

plot(state_centers_sf[, "tz"])
}</pre>
```

tz\_lookup\_coords

Lookup time zones of lat/long pairs

#### **Description**

There are two methods - "fast", and "accurate". The "fast" version can look up many thousands of points very quickly, however when a point is near a time zone boundary and not near a populated centre, it may return the incorrect time zone. If accuracy is more important than speed, use method = "accurate".

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## Usage

```
tz_lookup_coords(lat, lon, method = "fast", warn = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

lat numeric vector of latitudes

lon numeric vector of longitudes the same length as x

method by which to do the lookup. Either "fast" (default) or "accurate".

warn By default, if method = "fast" a warning is issued about the potential for inac-

curate results. Set warn to FALSE to turn this off.

#### Value

character vector the same length as x and y specifying the time zone of the points.

## **Examples**

```
tz_{lookup_{coords}(42, -123)} tz_{lookup_{coords}(1at = c(48.9, 38.5, 63.1, -25), lon = c(-123.5, -110.2, -95.0, 130))}
```

tz\_offset Find the offset from UTC at a particular date/time in a particular time zone

## Description

Find the offset from UTC at a particular date/time in a particular time zone

#### Usage

```
tz_offset(dt, tz = "")
```

## Arguments

dt Date, POSIXt or date-like character string

tz A time zone name from base::0lsonNames(). Not required if dt is a POSIXt

object with a time zone component.

#### Value

a one-row data frame with details of the time zone

## **Examples**

```
tz_offset("2018-06-12", "America/Moncton")
```

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tz\_plot

Plot a time zone

## Description

Make a circular plot of a time zone, visualizing the UTC offset over the course of the year, including Daylight Savings times

## Usage

```
tz_plot(tz)
```

## Arguments

tz

a valid time zone name. See OlsonNames()

## Value

```
a ggplot2 object
```

## **Examples**

```
tz_plot("America/Vancouver")
```

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